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July 1, we reach September 2, which is earlier than September 5, the date that the Department notifies the State that the plan is substantially approvable.)

Example 7. Paragraph (g): A State submits a plan on April 15 and the Department notifies the State that the plan is not substantially approvable on July 16. The State makes changes to the plan and submits a substantially approvable plan on July 30. The Department had until July 15 to decide whether the plan was substantially approvable because the State was 15 days late in submitting the plan. The date the State may begin to obligate funds under the regulatory deferral is July 29 (based on the 15 day deferral for late submission plus a 14 day deferral for the time it took to submit a substantially approvable plan after having received notice). However, because the Department was one day late in completing its review of the plan, the State would get pre-award costs to cover the period of July 1 through July 29.

(h) After determining that a State plan is in substantially approvable form, the Secretary informs the State of the date on which it could begin to obligate funds. Reimbursement for those obligations is subject to final approval of the State plan.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1221e-3, 3474, 6511(a) and 31 U.S.C. 6503)

[45 FR 22517, Apr. 3, 1980. Redesignated at 45 FR 77368, Nov. 21, 1980, as amended at 60 FR 41294, Aug. 11, 1995; 61 FR 14484, Apr. 2, 1996]

§76.704 New State plan requirements that must be addressed in a State

- (a) This section specifies the State plan requirements that must be addressed in a State plan if the State plan requirements established in statutes or regulations change on a date close to the date that State plans are due for submission to the Department.
- (b)(1) A State plan must meet the following requirements:
- (i) Every State plan requirement in effect three months before the date the State plan is due to be submitted to the Department under 34 CFR 76.703; and
- (ii) Every State plan requirement included in statutes or regulations that will be effective on or before the date that funds become available for obligation by the Secretary and that have been signed into law or published in the FEDERAL REGISTER as final regula-

tions three months before the date the State plan is due to be submitted to the Department under 34 CFR 76.703.

- (2) If a State plan does not have to meet a new State plan requirement under paragraph (b)(1) of this section, the Secretary takes one of the following actions:
- (i) Require the State to submit assurances and appropriate documentation to show that the new requirements are being followed under the program.
- (ii) Extend the date for submission of State plans and approve pre-award costs as necessary to hold the State harmless.
- (3) If the Secretary requires a State to submit assurances under paragraph (b)(2) of this section, the State shall incorporate changes to the State plan as soon as possible to comply with the new requirements. The State shall submit the necessary changes before the start of the next obligation period.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1221e-3, 3474, 6511(a) and 31 U.S.C. 6503)

[60 FR 41296, Aug. 11, 1995]

CFR 74.171 and 80.22..

§ 76.707 When obligations are made.

The following table shows when a State or a subgrantee makes obligations for various kinds of property and services.

If the obligation is for-	The obligation is made—
(a) Acquisition of real or per- sonal property.	On the date on which the State or subgrantee makes a binding written commit- ment to acquire the prop- erty.
(b) Personal services by an employee of the State or subgrantee.	When the services are performed.
c) Personal services by a contractor who is not an employee of the State or subgrantee.	On the date on which the State or subgrantee makes a binding written commit- ment to obtain the serv- ices.
(d) Performance of work other than personal services.	On the date on which the State or subgrantee makes a binding written commit- ment to obtain the work.
(e) Public utility services	When the State or sub- grantee receives the serv- ices.
f) Travel	When the travel is taken.
g) Rental of real or personal property. h) A preagreement cost that was properly approved by the State under the cost principals identified in 34	When the State or sub- grantee uses the property.